1a) Intent: The gualification is aimed at learners who are looking to progress to employment in the Esports industry, possibly via an apprenticeship in a related industry, or whose aspirations may also be to progress to further education. The gualification is endorsed by The British Esports Association as being suitable for learners wanting to work in this industry. It is on our curriculum to provide the link for students between education and employment in a growing sector the UK economy.

1b) Careers and further study: Learners taking this qualification may also want to progress to further study such as BTEC Level 3 Nationals in Esports, Information Technology, Creative Media, Sport, Enterprise and Entrepreneurship or Business. The gualification is endorsed by The British Esports Association as being suitable for learners wanting to work in this industry. This means that it will be recognised by employers in a range of roles. Successful completion of this gualification could also lead to being fully prepared to progress to an apprenticeship in the related sector, for example, in events, digital marketing or creative media.

2) Implementation: The course is made up of four units with two being taken in Year 10 and the other two in Year 11. These units are internally assessed and externally moderated by Pearson. Teaching is undertaken in our specialist Esports room and students are also encouraged to represent UTC Swindon in National Esports Leagues.

Daily Review	New Material in Small Steps	Ask Questions	Provide Models	Guide Student Practice	Check Student Understanding	Obtain High Success Rate	Scaffolds for Difficult Tasks	Independent Practice	Weekly and Monthly Review
Mon Twe Wed Thu Fri			တိုင် + ၄၀ = တိုက်ပို	Š Å					<b>7</b> 31
any review is an important component of struction. It helps strengthen the connections of e material learned. Automatic recall frees orking memory for problem solving and creativity	present new material in small steps and proceed	The most successful teachers spend more than half the class time lecturing, demonstrating and asking questions. Questions allow the teacher to determine how well the material is learned.	Students need cognitive support to help them learn how to solve problems. Modelling, worked examples and teacher thinking out loud, help to clarify the specific steps involved.	Students need additional time to rephrase, elaborate and summarise new material in order to store it in their long-term memory. More successful leachers build in more time for this.	Less successful feachers merely ask "Are there any questions?" no questions are taken to mean no problems. Faise. By contrast, more successful feachers check on all students.	A success rate of around 80% has been found to be optimal, showing students are learning and also being challenged. Better teachers taught in small steps followed by practice.	Scatfolds are temporary supports to assist learning. They can include modelling, teacher thinking aloud, cue cards and checklists. Scatfolds are part of cognitive apprenticeship.	Independent practice produces 'overlearning' - a necessary process for new material to be recalled automatically. This ensures no overloading of students' working memory.	The effort Involved In recalling recently -learne material embeds it in long-term memory. And more this happens, the easier it is to connect n material to such prior knowledge.
Every unit of work has a series of quiz questions to help students recall key knowledge. These are used in lessons and for prep work.	Teachers define and chunk the steps for students to follow when learning new material. These steps are agreed across the department.	<ul> <li>Teachers use cold calling, pair share and stretch it TLAC strategies to check for mastery. Questions are pre- planned.</li> </ul>	The visualiser is used across the department. Teachers will 'live' model to demonstrate how to construct analytical and creative texts.	Tasks and activities have been designed so that automaticity can be achieved. Repetition and revision is built into tasks.	Specific mastery checks are embedded into SOLS so that teachers can check for mastery.	We use I do, We do, You do to build students retention of key procedural knowledge and support automaticity.	<ul> <li>Scaffolds are pre- planned so that there is consistency across the department. Testing includes memorisation of scaffolds.</li> </ul>	Students repeat activities and tasks at spaced intervals to support learning of key procedural knowledge as well as knowledge.	We map our quiz questions so that w can test core learning throughou the year. All SOLS have defined 'retention' knowledge.
S4	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4	Term 5		Term 6	
Year 10	Unit 2 – Establishing an Esports Organisation	Unit 2 – Estat	lishing an Esports anisation	Unit 2 – Establishing ar Esports Organisation	Tournamer	s and Onit 1 – Es	ports Games, Teams Tournaments	and Yr10/12 PPES	Unit 3 – Stream for Esports
Year 11	Unit 3 – Streaming for Esports	Unit 3 – Streaming for Esports	Year 11/13 PPE	Unit 4 – Plan for Esports Event			Yoar 11/13	PPES	

Year 10	Unit 2 – Establishing an Esports Organisation	Unit 2 – Establishing an Esports Organisation		sports Unit 2 – Unit 1 – Esports Establishing an Esports Organisation		Unit 1 – Esports G Tourna	ames, T aments
Year 11	Unit 3 – Streaming for Esports	Unit 3 – Streaming for Esports	Year 11/13 PPES	Unit 4 – Plan for an Esports Event	Unit 4 – Plan for an Esports Event	Unit 4 – Plan for an Esports Event	Year 1

## 3)Impact:

## Data analysis of Summer exam series 2023

9-7       9-5         9-4       9-4	on Outcomes	Action	Students to target	Females %	Males %	Disadvantaged (PP) %	SEN %	All students in subject %	Y10 Grades
									9-7
9-4									9-5
									9-4
9-1									9-1

Destinations: University-Apprenticeships-Work placements-